Change the World Webinar 2: Police and Policing in a System of Safety 20 January 2021



Sean Tait (Moderator) Director

African Policing Civilian Oversight Forum COVID-19 has seen states across the world implement **laws and regulations to curtail movement** and gatherings to limit the spread of the



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virus.

- The trend has been to: Impose blanket limitations on rights;
- Adopt a security approach to a public health challenge,
- Rely on criminal law to penalise infringements.

This approach has resulted in the **violations of a range of human rights**. Those who are unable to comply with limitations – particularly for reasons of poverty or social marginalisation – are particularly vulnerable.



Ugljesa (Ugi) Zvekic Ambassador, Head, Permanent Observer Office of the European Public Law Organisation



Pablo DeGreif Senior Fellow and Prevention Project Director Centre for Human Rights and Global Justice New York University Globally, people have voiced anger at repressive policing practices, with renewed calls to de-fund the police in favour of social development. This crisis offers an opportunity to re-think the role and mandate of the police, in the context of systemic urban safety.

This webinar explores opportunities to reframe policing in the context of systemic safety, as a transversal set of mandates.

Law Enforcement cannot alone achieve safety; many risk factors that drive unsafety have no link to the mandates or capabilities of law enforcement and cannot be resolved by arrest, detention and deterrence. COVID-19 and it's coercive strategies have spotlighted and exacerbated pre-existing limitations on policing itself.



Key issues for discussion:

- The importance of partnership for policing and what this means in practice
- Building the right design into being prepared.

Key themes:

- Human Rights as a framework for prevention; critical redress mechanisms, and protective measures.
- The importance of policing and police-public health partnerships in complex issues with health, criminal justice and social justice impacts,
 Implications of these responses.

Case study:

 Protest against policing in Nigeria: 20 October 2020 massacre of protesters at the Lekki Toll Plaza.

Reflections:

- Policing and SDGs 2030.
- Policing, police accountability, crime prevention, and peace building.
- Circumstances in which it's appropriate for police to enforce public health regulations
- Engagement of communities to maximize voluntary compliance.

20 January 2021 4 - 6pm Johannesburg / 7:30 - 9:30pm Delhi

3 - 5pm Vienna / 9 - 11am New York

To register: https://crimealliance.org/events/view.php?id=64

Pursuing urban safety objectives towards the Sustainable Development Goals in times of extreme disruption #BuildBackBetter



